



MDS3

SOLENOID OPERATED SWITCHING VALVE

SERIES 10

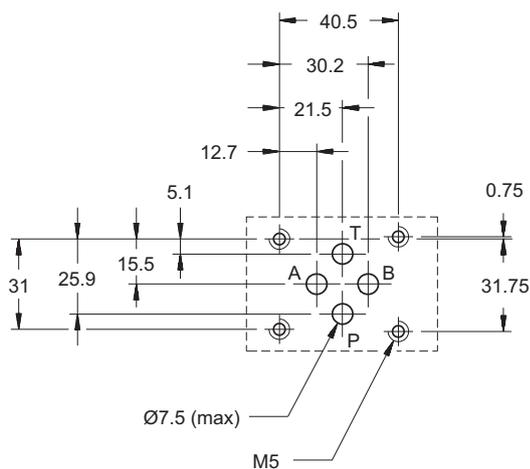
MODULAR VERSION

ISO 4401-03 (CETOP 03)

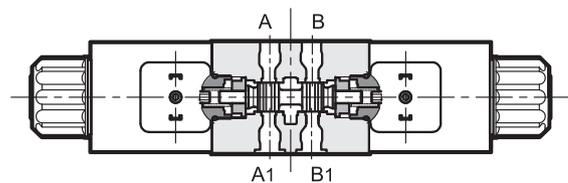
p max 350 bar
Q max 50 l/min

MOUNTING INTERFACE

ISO 4401-03-02-0-05
(CETOP 4.2-4-03-350)



OPERATING PRINCIPLE



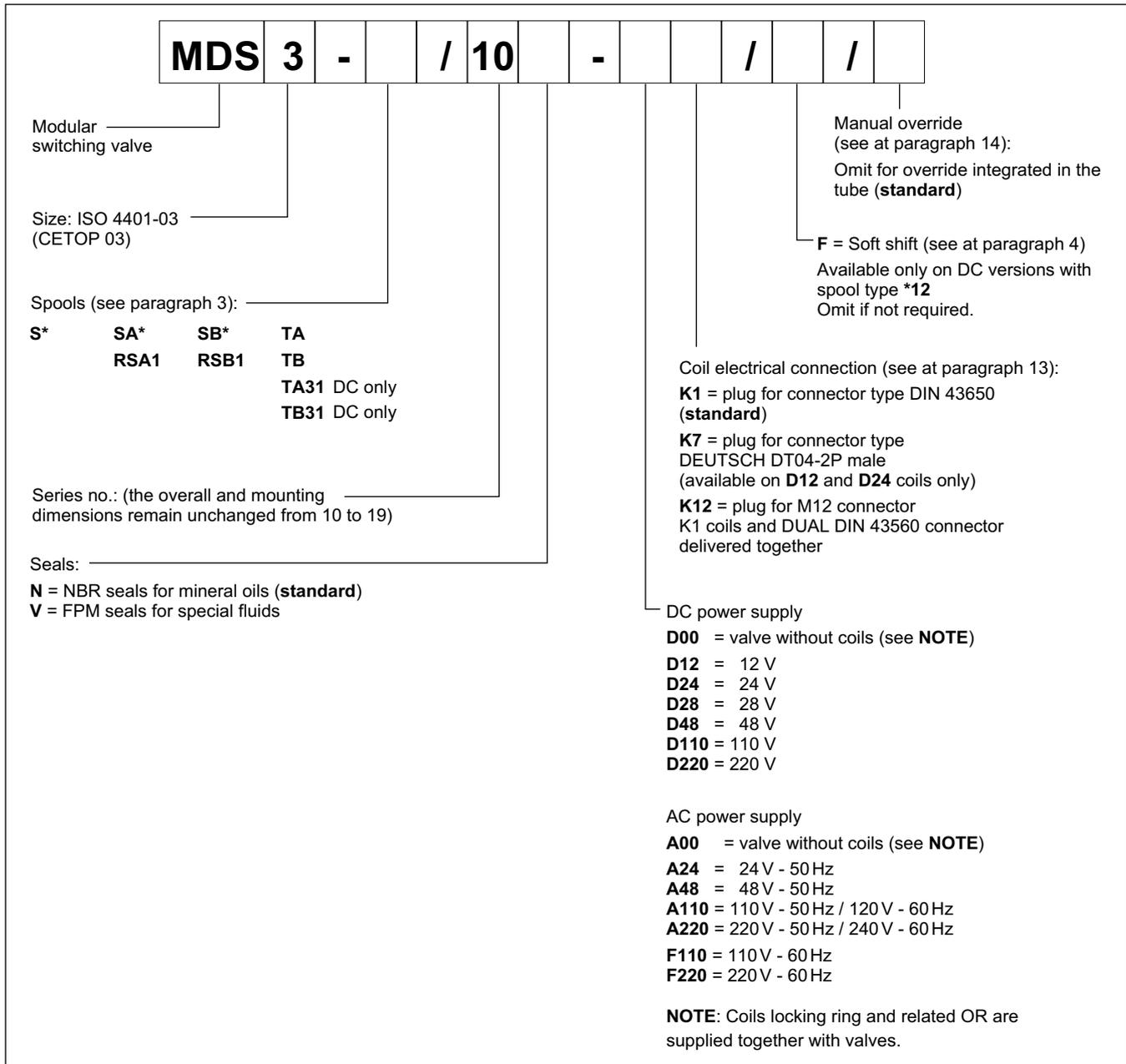
- The MDS3 valve is used to switch multiple flow directions, or to select pressure values. Application examples can be seen at paragraph 15.
- The oil passage holes pass right through the entire valve body and due to this particular design feature, the MDS3 can be assembled with all ISO 4401-03 (CETOP 03) modular valves).
- The special connection of the valve in parallel to the P - T - A - B lines of the circuit allows easy construction of different hydraulic configurations, reducing pressure drops to a minimum.
- Soft-shift feature available for some DC versions.

PERFORMANCES (obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

Max operating pressure: P - A - B ports T port (DC version) T port (AC version)	bar	350 210 140
Maximum flow on P - A - B ports	l/min	50
Ambient temperature range	°C	-20 / +50
Fluid temperature range	°C	-20 / +80
Fluid viscosity range	cSt	10 ÷ 400
Fluid contamination degree	According to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/18/15	
Recommended viscosity	cSt	25
Mass: double solenoid single solenoid	kg	2 1,5



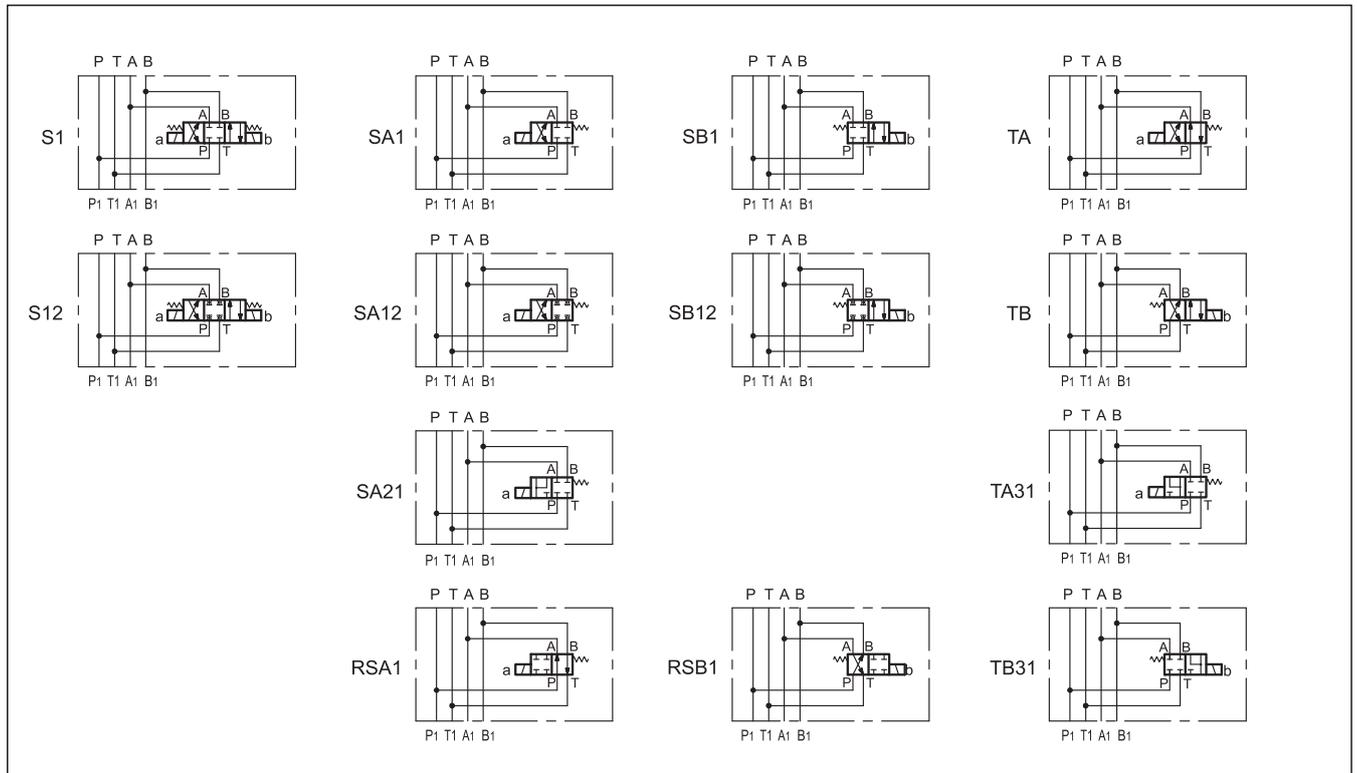
1 - IDENTIFICATION CODE



2 - HYDRAULIC FLUIDS

Use mineral oil-based hydraulic fluids HL or HM type, according to ISO 6743-4. For these fluids, use NBR seals (code N). For fluids HFDR type (phosphate esters) use FPM seals (code V). For the use of other fluid types such as HFA, HFB, HFC, please consult our technical department. Using fluids at temperatures higher than 80 °C causes a faster degradation of the fluid and of the seals characteristics. The fluid must be preserved in its physical and chemical characteristics.

3 - SPOOL TYPE



4 - SOFT SHIFT

At now the soft shift feature is available only on DC valves with S12, SA12 and SB12 spools.

This feature enables hydraulic actuators to perform a smooth start and stop by reducing the speed of movement of the valve spool. The shifting time and characteristics curves, are influenced by the viscosity (and thus by the temperature) of the operating fluid. Moreover, times can vary according to the flow rate and operating pressure values of the valve.

For the correct work of the soft-shift device, ensure that the solenoid tubes are always filled with oil. For this purpose, we recommend to install a backpressure valve set at 1 + 2 bar on T line.

5 - PRESSURE DROPS $\Delta p-Q$

SOON AVAILABLE

6 - OPERATING LIMITS

SOON AVAILABLE

7 - SWITCHING TIMES

SOON AVAILABLE



8 - ELECTRICAL FEATURES

8.1 Solenoids

These are essentially made up of two parts: tube and coil. The tube is threaded into the valve body and includes the armature that moves immersed in oil, without wear. The inner part, in contact with the oil in the return line, ensures heat dissipation.

The coil is fastened to the tube by a threaded ring, and can be rotated to suit the available space.

Protection from atmospheric agents CEI EN 60529

Connector	IP 65	IP 67	IP 69 K
K1 DIN 43650	x (*)		
K7 DEUTSCH DT04 male	x	x	x (*)
K12 DUAL DIN 43650	x	x (*)	

(*) The protection degree is guaranteed only with the connector correctly connected and installed

SUPPLY VOLTAGE FLUCTUATION	± 10% Vnom
MAX SWITCH ON FREQUENCY DC valve AC valve	18.000 ins/hr 10.000 ins/hr
DUTY CYCLE	100%
ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY (EMC) (NOTE)	In compliance with 2004/108/CE
LOW VOLTAGE	In compliance with 2006/95 CE
CLASS OF PROTECTION : Coil insulation (VDE 0580) Impregnation	class H class F

NOTE: In order to further reduce the emissions is recommended the use of type H connectors. These prevent voltage peaks on opening of the coil supply electrical circuit (see cat. 49 000).

8.2 Current and absorbed power for DC solenoid valve

The table shows current and power consumption values relevant to the different coil types

The rectified current supply takes place by fitting the valve (with the exception of D12 coil) with an alternating current source (50 or 60 Hz), rectified by means of a bridge built-in to the "D" type connectors (see cat. 49 000), by considering a reduction of the operating limits.

Available DC coils (values ±5%)

	Nominal voltage [V]	Resistance at 20°C [Ω]	Current consumpt. [A]	Power consumpt [W]	Coil code	
					K1	K7
D12	12	4,4	2,72	32,6	1903080	1902940
D24	24	18,6	1,29	31	1903081	1902941
D28	28	26	1,11	31	1903082	
D48	48	78,6	0,61	29,3	1903083	
D110	110	423	0,26	28,6	1903084	
D220	220	1692	0,13	28,6	1903085	

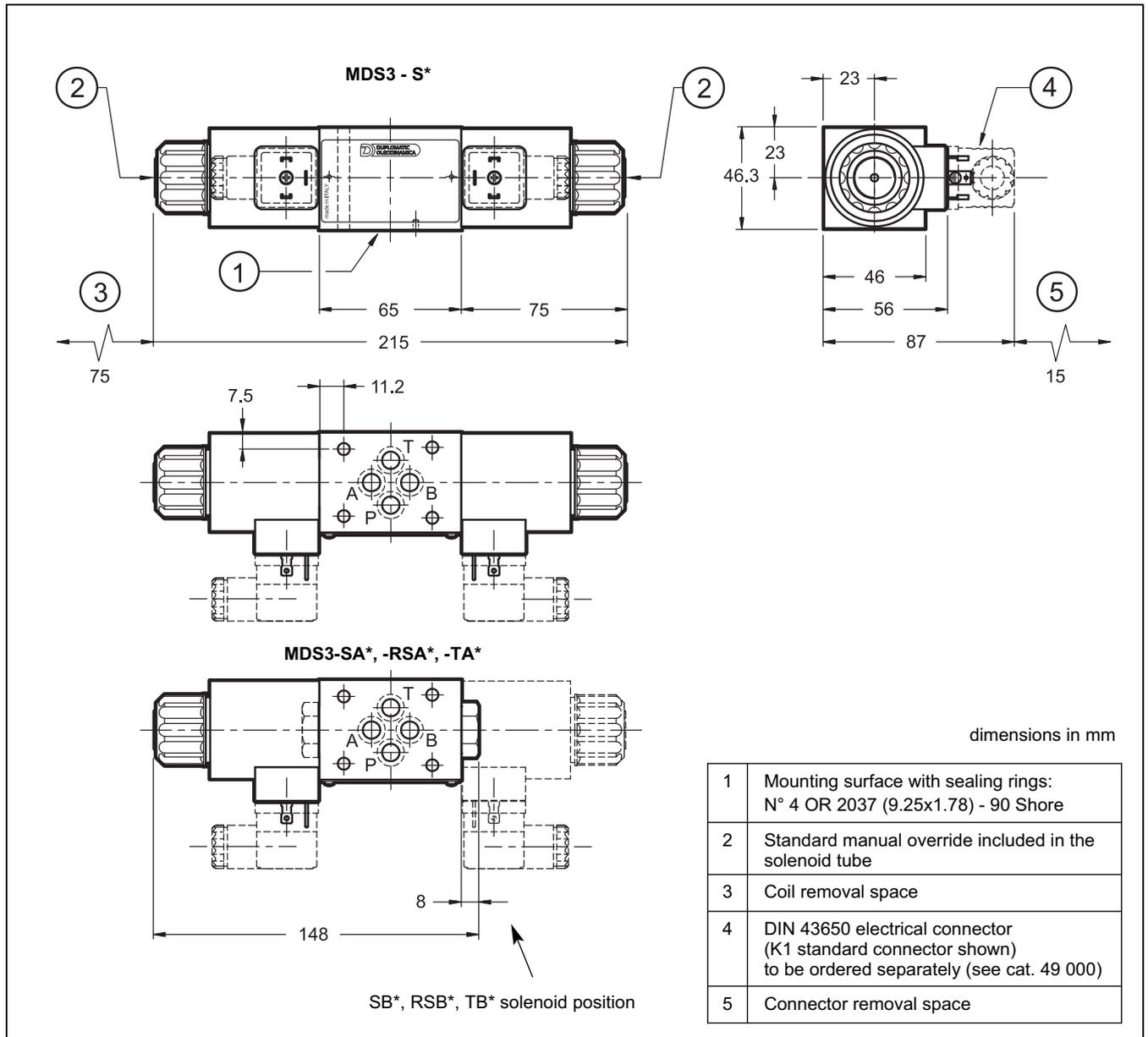
8.3 Current and absorbed power for AC solenoid valve

The table shows current and power consumption values at inrush and at holding, relevant to the different coil types for AC current.

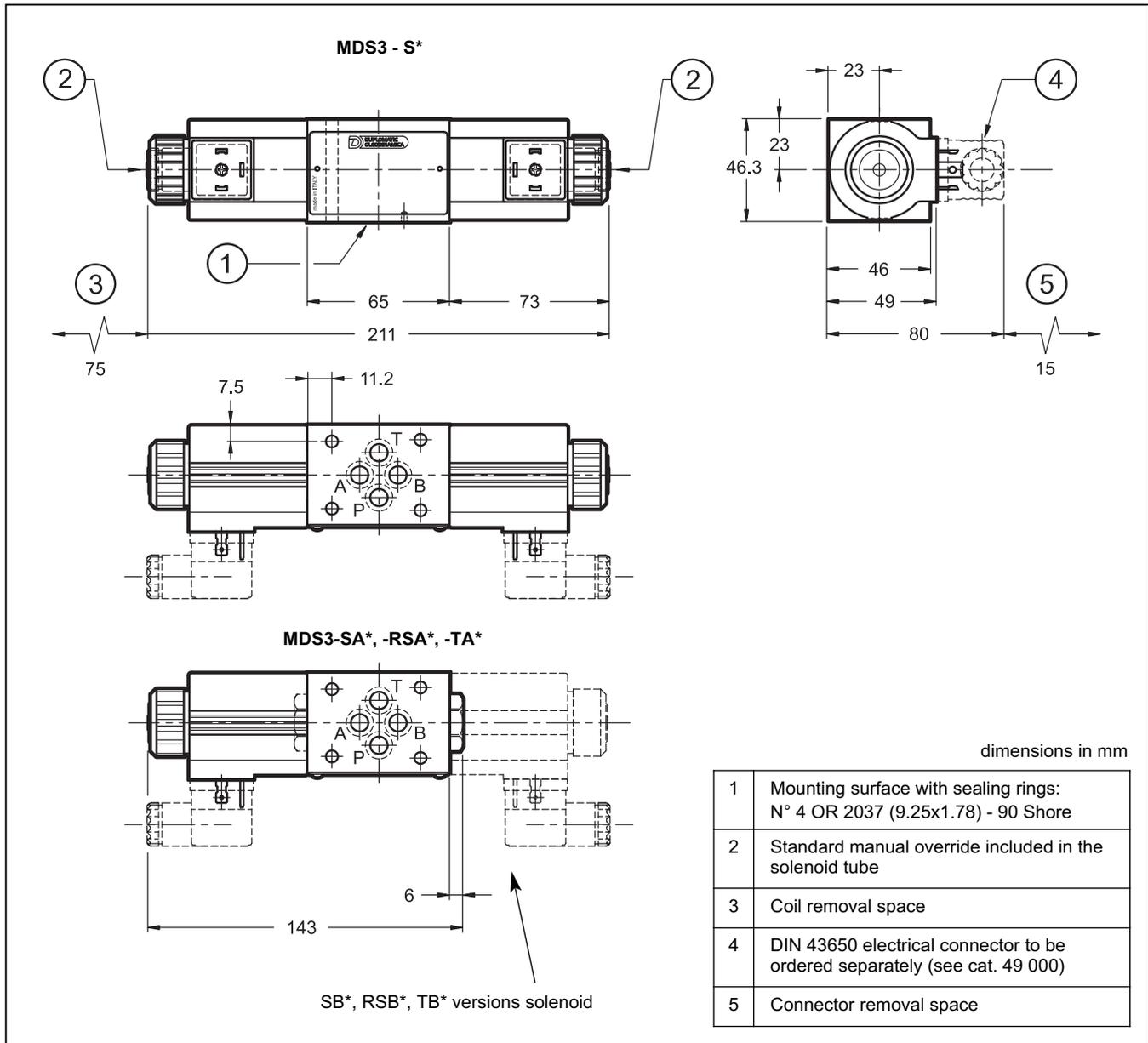
Available AC coils (values ± 5%)

Suffix	Nominal Voltage [V]	Freq. [Hz]	Resistance at 20°C [Ω] (±1%)	Current consumption at inrush [A]	Current consumption at holding [A]	Power consumption at inrush [VA]	Power consumption at holding [VA]	Coil Code
A24	24	50	0.88	8.7	2.35	209	56.5	1902660
A48	48		3.2	4.5	1.25	216	60	1902661
A110	110V-50Hz 120V-60Hz	50/60	17.5	1.9	0.48	209	52.8	1902677
				1.8	0.45	216	54	
A220	220V-50Hz 240V-60Hz		70	0.95	0.23	209	50.6	1902678
				0.87	0.21		50.4	
F110	110	60	15	2	0.5	220	55	1902680
F220	220		60	1	0.26		57.2	1902681

9 - DC VALVE - OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



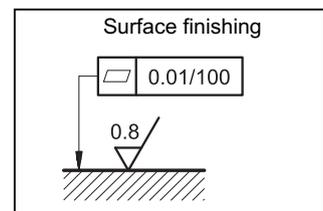
10 - AC VALVE - OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



11 - INSTALLATION

The valve can be mounted in any position. Valve fixing takes place by means of screws or tie rods, with the valve mounted on a lapped surface, with values of planarity and smoothness that are equal to or better than those indicated in the drawing.

If the minimum values of planarity and/or smoothness are not met, fluid leakages between valve and mounting surface can easily occur.



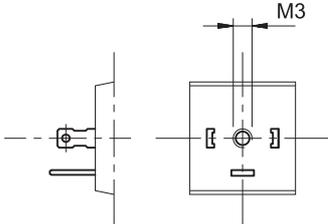
12 - ELECTRIC CONNECTORS

The solenoid operated valves are delivered without connector, except the version K12, where the connector is delivered together with the valve. For coils with standard electrical connections K1 type (DIN 43650) the connectors can be ordered separately. For the identification of the connector type to be ordered please see cat. 49 000.

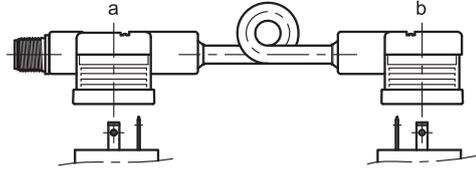
For the K7 connections the relative connectors are not available.

13 - ELECTRIC CONNECTIONS

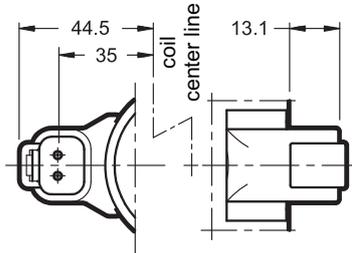
connection for DIN 43650 connector type
code **K1 (standard)**



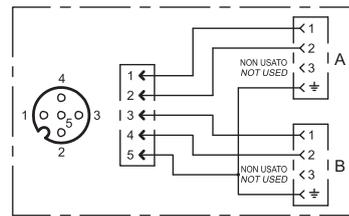
connection for DUAL DIN 43650
connector type
code **K12**



connection for DEUTSCH DT04-2P male
connector type
code **K7**



CONNECTOR M12x1 CONNECTION SCHEME



In K12 version the valve will be delivered together with the connector DUAL DIN 43650 with M12 connection already mounted on K1 coils. DUAL DIN connector allows you to power two solenoids with a single cable with socket M12.

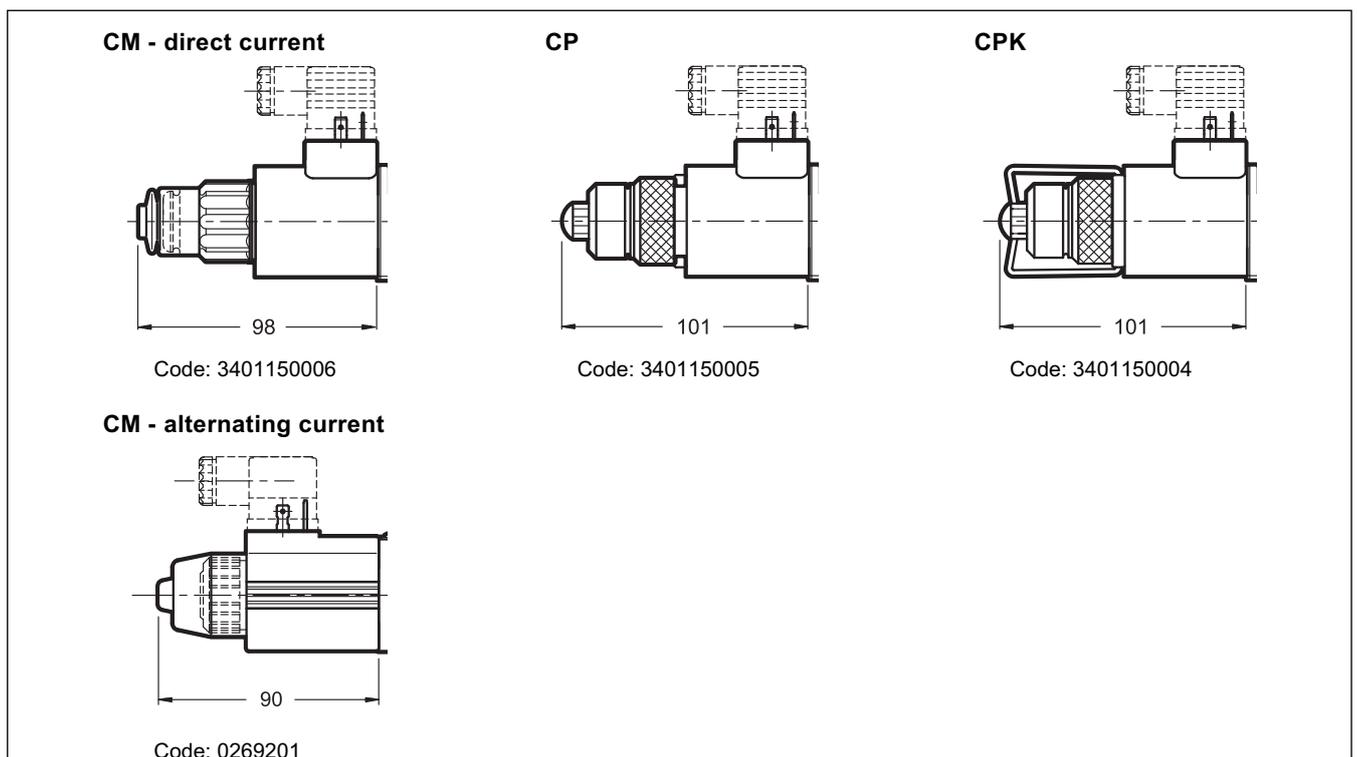
NOTE: The mere connector type K12 (DUAL DIN) spare part can be ordered with the code 0672136.

14 - MANUAL OVERRIDES

The standard valve has solenoids whose pin for the manual operation is integrated in the tube. The operation of this control must be executed with a suitable tool, minding not to damage the sliding surface.

Three different manual override version are available upon request:

- **CM**: manual override boot protected
- **CP**: Push manual override (for DC valves only)
- **CPK**: Push manual override with mechanical retention (for DC valves only)

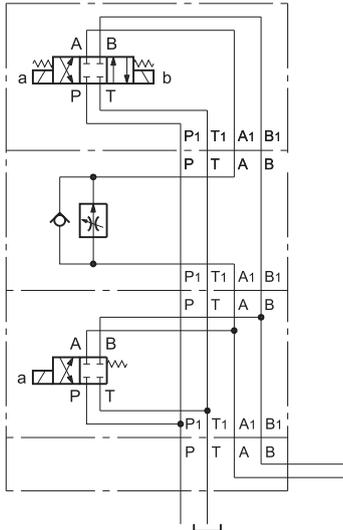


15 - APPLICATION EXAMPLES

Example of circuit used to drive working units with fast approach, adjustable working speed and fast return.

Example of circuit used to drive working units with fast approach and adjustable working speed in both directions.

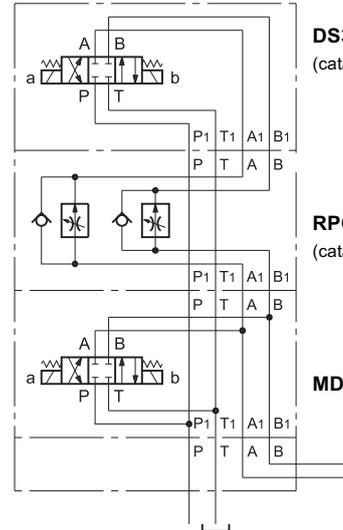
DS3-S1
(catalogue 41150)



RPC1-*/M/A
(catalogue 66200)

MDS3-SA1

DS3-S1
(catalogue 41150)



RPC1-*/M/D
(catalogue 66200)

MDS3-S1