



OILGEAR TYPE "PVG" PUMPS - -048/-065/-075 (SERIES F1U) SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

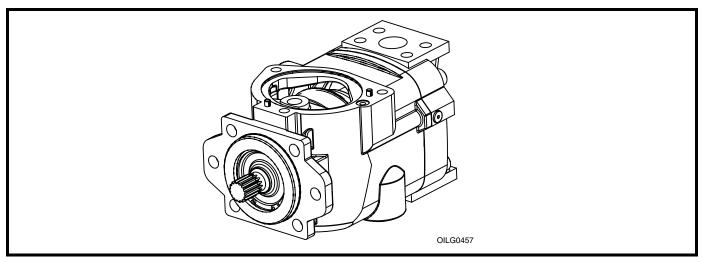


Figure 1. Typical Oilgear "PVG" Open Loop Pump

PURPOSE OF INSTRUCTIONS

These instructions will simplify the installation, operation, maintenance and troubleshooting of Oilgear type "PVG" pumps.

Become familiar with the construction, principle of operation and characteristics of your pump to help you attain satisfactory performance, reduce shutdown and increase the pump's service life. Some pumps have been modified from those described in this bulletin and other changes may be made without notice.

REFERENCE MATERIAL

Bulletin 90000 Bulletin 90004 Bulletin 90007 Bulletin 90011 Bulletin 90014 Bulletin 47019-I
Bulletin 947651
Bulletin 947652
Bulletin 947653
Bulletin 947654
Bulletin 947655
Bulletin 947656
Bulletins 947556 and 947657
Bulletins 947558 and 947658
Bulletins 947559 and 947659
Bulletin 947560
Bulletin 947561

THE OILGEAR COMPANY

Safety First

Read and understand this entire instruction sheet before repairing, or adjusting your Oilgear product.

Those who use and maintain this equipment must be thoroughly trained and familiar with the product. If incorrectly used or maintained, this product and its equipment can cause severe injury.

SAFETY SYMBOLS

The following signal words are used in this instruction sheet to identify areas of concern where your safety may be involved. Carefully read the text and observe any instructions provided to ensure your safety.

A DANGER A

THIS SIGNAL WORD INDICATES AN IMMINENTLY HAZARDOUS SITUATION WHICH, IF NOT AVOIDED, WILL RESULT IN DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY.

WARNING

This signal word indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION

This signal word indicates that a potentially hazardous situation exists which, if not avoided, may result in damage to equipment or minor personal injury.



While not directly relevant to the topic being discussed, the NOTE is used to emphasize information provided, or provide additional information which may be of benefit.

WARNING

This service information is designed for the maintenance of your Oilgear product. It contains the information on the correct procedures determined by Oilgear for the safe manner of servicing. Always keep this instruction sheet in a location where it is readily available for the persons who use and maintain the product. Additional copies of this instruction sheet are available through the Oilgear Company. Or visit our website: www.oilgear.com. Please contact us if you have any questions regarding the information in this instruction bulletin.



The cleanliness of working on this pump or the hydraulic system is extremely important to the safety and reliability of the pump and the system. Always make sure the fittings are clean on the outside before removing them from their connections, are capped and plugged when removed and placed in a clean rag or container until they are reinstalled.

WARNING

Some service operations may require special tools or equipment. If you require information on these items, please contact Oilgear before attempting these repairs and service operations.

A WARNING

Read, understand, and follow the safety guidelines, dangers, and warnings contained in this instruction sheet to promote reliable operation and prevent serious personal injury.

WARNING

DO NOT attempt to service this machinery in an environment where safety regulations are not established and in place.

A WARNING

DO NOT operate the hydraulic system if a leak is present. Serious injury may result.

WARNING

Hydraulic systems operate under very high pressure. Hydraulic fluid escaping from a pressurized system can penetrate unprotected body tissue. DO NOT inspect for hydraulic leaks with bare hands or other exposed body parts. As a minimum, wear leather gloves prior to inspecting for leaks and use cardboard or wood. If leaks are present, relieve pressure and allow system to cool prior to servicing. If injured by escaping hydraulic oil, contact a physician immediately. Serious complications may arise if not treated immediately. If you have questions regarding inspecting hydraulic leaks, please contact Oilgear prior to servicing.

WARNING

Hydraulic hoses and tubing must be inspected on a daily basis for leaks, cuts, abrasions, damage and improper clearance along any mounting frame for hidden damage before the unit is put into service. Replace damaged hoses or hoses you suspect are damaged before the system is returned to service! Hoses must be replaced every two years. Failure to properly inspect and maintain the system may result in serious injury.

WARNING

Hydraulic systems are hot. DO NOT TOUCH! Serious personal injury may result from hot oil. When you have completed working on the hydraulic system, thoroughly clean any spilled oil from the equipment. Do not spill any hydraulic fluids on the ground. Clean any hydraulic fluids from your skin as soon as you have completed maintenance and repairs. Dispose of used oil and system filters as required by law.

WARNING

Use correct hoses, fittings, and adapters with the correct SAE rating when replacing hoses to prevent possible serious injury. Always replace hoses, fittings, and adapters with replacements that have a proper, suitable, working pressure rating. Replacement hoses must be of the correct length and must comply with the hose manufacturer's and Oilgear's installation guidelines and recommendations.

WARNING

Hydraulic hoses have the SAE ratings marked on the hose to assist you in selecting the correct hose. The same manufacturer must supply any replacement hydraulic hoses and fitting assemblies. As an example: Brand "X" hose and brand "Y" fitting will not normally be compatible. No "Twist" is allowed in the hydraulic hoses. "Twist" may result in premature hose failure. This can cause serious injury. Please contact Oilgear for assistance when required.

WARNING

Hydraulic cylinders can be holding a function in a certain position when the pump is OFF. An example of this is a function being held in the lift or partial lift position by the cylinders. If a hydraulic line is removed or the hydraulic circuits or controls are being worked on, gravity may allow the function being held in position to drop. All workers and personnel must remain clear of these areas when working on or operating the hydraulic system. Block and secure all devices and functions which apply before beginning work or operation. Failure to comply with this can result in serious injury or death.

WARNING

Any hydraulic pipe which is replaced must conform to SAE J1065 specifications. If incorrect hydraulic pipe is installed, the hydraulic system may fail, causing serious injury. Damaged or leaking fittings, pipes or hoses must be replaced before the system is returned to service.

WARNING

DO NOT heat hydraulic pipe. The carbon content of this steel tube is such that if heated for bending, and either water or air quenched, the pipe may lose its ductility and thereby be subject to failure under high pressure conditions. Serious injury can result. Damaged or leaking pipes must be replaced before the system is returned to service. Please contact Oilgear if you require assistance or have questions.

WARNING

All hydraulic pressure must be relieved from the hydraulic system prior to removing any components from the system. To relieve the hydraulic pressure from the hydraulic system, turn off the motor and operate the control panel with the key in the ON position. Failure to comply can result in serious injury. If you have any questions concerning relieving the hydraulic pressure from the system, please contact Oilgear.

WARNING

Hydraulic components can be heavy. Use caution while lifting these components. Serious personal injury can be avoided with proper handling of the components.

WARNING

Please contact Oilgear if you require assistance, when performing hydraulic test procedures, use the proper hydraulic gauges. Installing an incorrect test gauge could result in serious injury if the gauge fails. Use properly rated hydraulic hoses to allow the test gauge to be read away from moving parts and functions.

WARNING

Increasing hydraulic pressure beyond the recommendations may result in serious damage to the pump and system or serious personal injury and may void the Oilgear Warranty. If you have questions concerning hydraulic pressures or testing procedures, please contact Oilgear before attempting the test procedures or making adjustments.

WARNING

An Oilgear pump must not be modified in any way without authorization from Oilgear. Modifications may not comply with safety standards, including ANSI safety standards, and may result in serious personal injury. Please contact Oilgear if you require assistance.

WARNING

DO NOT enter under hydraulic supported equipment unless they are fully supported or blocked. Failure to follow this procedure can result in serious injury or death.

WARNING

Any Oilgear pump safety decals must be replaced anytime they are damaged, missing, or cannot be read clearly. Failure to have proper decals in place can result in serious injury or death. (If you require safety decals, please contact Oilgear for replacement safety decals, at no charge.)

WARNING

Be sure everyone is clear of the area around the hydraulic system before operating after servicing. Remain attentive at all times when operating to check your work until you are completely sure it is safe to return to service. Failure to heed this warning may result in serious personal injury or death.

WARNING

Wear the proper protective clothing when operating, servicing or maintaining the hydraulic system or the Oilgear pump. Wear the correct protective gear, safety glasses, gloves, and safety shoes. Serious injury can result without proper protective gear.

WARNING

Make sure to keep hands and feet and other parts of your body clear of revolving or moving parts. Failure to comply can cause serious injury.

WARNING

DO NOT wear watches, rings, or jewelry while working with electrical and mechanical equipment. These items can be hazardous and can cause serious and painful injuries if they come into contact with electrical wires, moving parts, or hydraulic equipment.

PREPARATION AND INSTALLATION

MOUNTING

Pump Without Reservoir - The pump can be mounted in any position. But, the recommended mounting position is with the drive shaft on a horizontal plane and the case drain port 1 on the top side. Secure the pump to a rigid mounting surface. Refer to the referenced Oilgear Piping Information Bulletin 90011.

Pump With Reservoir - These pumps are usually fully piped and equipped. It may be necessary to connect to a super-charge circuit when used. Mount reservoir on level foundation with the reservoir bottom at least six inches above floor level to facilitate fluid changes.

PIPING AND FITTINGS

Refer to the referenced Oilgear Piping Information Bulletin 90011 and individual circuit diagram before connecting the pump to the system. Inlet velocity must not exceed 5 fps (1,5 mps). Inlet should be unrestricted and have a minimum of fittings.



DO NOT use an inlet strainer.

Arrange line from "case drain" so the case remains full of fluid (non-siphoning). Case pressure must be less than 25 psi (1,7 bar). For higher case pressures, special shaft seals are required; contact our Customer Service. Each drain line must be a separate line, unrestricted, full sized and connected directly to the reservoir below the lowest fluid level. Make provisions for opening this line without draining (siphoning) reservoir.

A WARNING

Running the pump in NEUTRAL position (zero delivery) for extended periods without a supercharge circuit can damage the pump. The system and pump must be protected against overloads by separate high pressure relief valves. Install bleed valve(s) at the highest point(s) in system.

POWER

Power is required in proportion to volume and pressure used. Motor size recommendations for specific applications can be obtained from The Oilgear Company. Standard low starting torque motors are suitable for most applications.

CAUTION

DO NOT start or stop unit under load unless system is approved by Oilgear. It may be necessary to provide delivery bypass in some circuits.

DRIVE

Verify rotation direction plate on the pump's housing. Clockwise pumps must be driven clockwise and counterclockwise pumps must be driven counterclockwise. Use direct drive coupling. Size and install coupling per manufacturer's instructions.

CAUTION

DO NOT drive the coupling onto the pump drive shaft. If it is too tight, it may be necessary to heat coupling for installation. Refer to manufacturer's instructions.

Misalignment of pump shaft to driver's shaft should not exceed 0.005 inches (0,13 mm) Total Indicator Readout (TIR) in any plane.

FILTRATION

Keep the fluid clean at all times to ensure long life from your hydraulic system. Refer to the referenced Oilgear Filtration Recommendations bulletin 90007 and Oilgear Contamination Evaluation Guide Bulletin 90004. Oilgear recommends use of a filter in the pressure or return line. Replace filter element(s) when the filter condition indicator reaches change area at normal fluid temperature. Drain and thoroughly clean filter case. Use replacement element(s) of same beta 10 ratio (normally a ratio of 4 with hydraulic oils).

FLUID COOLING

When the pump is operated continuously at the rated pressure or frequently at peak load, auxiliary cooling of the fluid may be necessary. Fluid temperature should not exceed limits specified in the referenced Oilgear Fluid Recommendations Bulletin 90000.

AIR BREATHER

On most installations, an air breather is mounted on top of fluid reservoir. It is important for the breather to be the adequate size to allow air flow in and out of reservoir as fluid level changes. Keep the breather case filled to the "fluid level" mark. About once every six months, remove cover, wash screen in solvent and allow screen to dry, clean and refill case to level mark and install screen. Refer to the manufacturer's recommendations.

FLUID, FILLING AND STARTING RECOMMENDATIONS

Refer to instruction plate on the unit, reservoir, machine and/or reference Fluid Recommendations bulletin. Fire-resistant fluids and phosphate ester fluids can be used in accordance with fluid manufacturer's recommendations.

- Pump all fluid into reservoir through a clean (beta 10 ratio of 4 or more) filter. Fill reservoir to, but not above, "high level" mark on the sight gauge.
- 2. Remove case drain line and fill pump case with hydraulic fluid.
- Turn drive shaft a few times by hand with a spanner wrench to make sure parts rotate.
 Torque to turn drive shaft should be 9 to 24 ft•lb (12 to 32 N•m).

With pump under "no load" or with pump control at NEUTRAL:

- 4. Turn drive unit ON and OFF several times before allowing pump to reach full speed. The system can usually be filled by running the pump and operating the control.
- 5. The fluid level in the reservoir should decrease. Stop the pump. **DO NOT** allow the fluid level to go beyond the "low level." If the level reaches "low level" mark, add fluid and repeat step.



With differential (cylinder) systems, the fluid must not be above "high level" when the ram is retracted or below "low level" when extended. Bleed air from the system by loosening connections or opening petcocks at the highest point in the system. Close connections or petcocks tightly when solid stream of fluid appears.

CONSTRUCTION

See Figure 3.

- A drive shaft (301) runs through the center line of pump housing (001) and valve plate (401) with the pump cylinder barrel (101) splined to it.
- 2. A bearing **(306)** supports the outboard end of the drive shaft and a bushing supports the inboard end. (The bushing is part of valve plate assembly.)
- 3. The pump cylinder barrel is carried in a polymerous (journal type) cylinder bearing (202).
- 4. The valve plate **(401)** has two crescent shaped ports.
- 5. The pumping piston/shoe assemblies (102) in the cylinder barrel are held against a swashblock (201) by a shoe retainer (104).
- 6. The shoe retainer is held in position by the fulcrum ball (103) which is forced outward by the shoe retainer spring (105).
- 7. The spring acts against the pump cylinder barrel, forcing it against the valve plate while also forcing the piston shoes against the swashblock.
- 8. The semi-cylindrical shaped swashblock limits the piston stroke and can be swiveled in arcshaped saddle bearings (204).
- 9. The swashblock is swiveled by a control (included in referenced material). Refer to **PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION**.

PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION

The illustrations show the pump driven clockwise (right hand) from the top (plan) view.

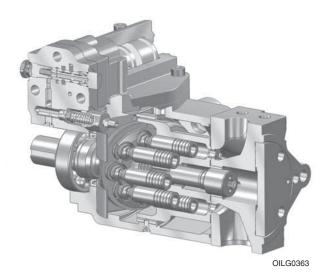


Figure 2. Cut-a-way of a Typical "PVG"
Pump

Position B, Pump During Full Delivery from PORT B - Figure 3

Rotating the drive shaft (301) clockwise turns the splined cylinder, which contains the pumping pistons (102). When the cylinder rotates, the pistons move in and out within their bores as the shoes ride against the angled (C) swashblock (201).

As the cylinder rotates, the individual piston bores are connected, alternately, to the crescent-shaped upper (port **A**) and lower (port **B**) in the valve plate. While connected to the upper side (suction) port **A**, each piston moves outward (**OUT**), drawing fluid from port **A** into the piston bore until its outermost stroke (**D**) is reached. At this point, the piston bore passes from the upper crescent port **A** to the lower crescent port **B**.

While rotating across the lower crescent, each piston moves across the angled swashblock face and then each piston is forced inward (IN). Each piston then displaces fluid through the lower crescent to port **B** until its innermost stroke (**D**) is reached. At this point, the piston bore passes from the lower to the upper crescent again and the cycle is repeated.

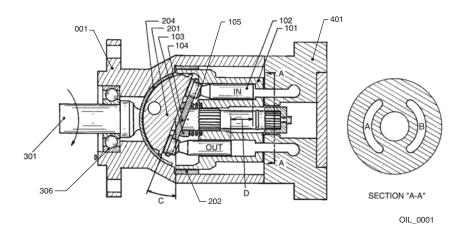


Figure 3. Position B, Pump During Full Delivery from Port B

Position B/2, Pump During One Half Delivery from PORT B - Figure 4

This illustration shows that the angle **(E)** of the swashblock determines the length of the piston stroke **(F)**, (the difference between outermost and innermost position) which determines the amount of delivery from the pump. In this case, the stroke angle **(E)** is one-half of the stroke, which means the piston stroke is one-half and the pump delivery is one-half.

Position N, Pump in Neutral, No Stroke, No Delivery - Figure 5

Neutral position results when the control centers the swashblock. The swashblock angle **(G)** is now zero and swashblock face is parallel to the cylinder face. There is no inward or outward motion of the pump pistons as piston shoes rotate around the swashblock face. With no inward and outward motion or no stroke **(H)** NEUTRAL, no fluid is being displaced from the piston bores to the crescents in the valve plate and there is no delivery from pump ports.



Illustration reference numbers match the part item number in the parts list.

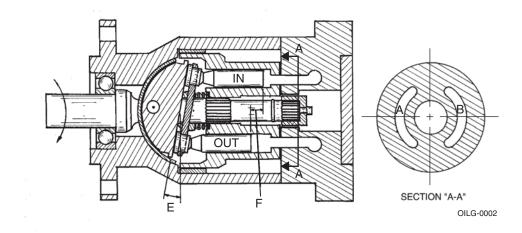


Figure 4. Position B/2, Pump During One Half Delivery from Port B

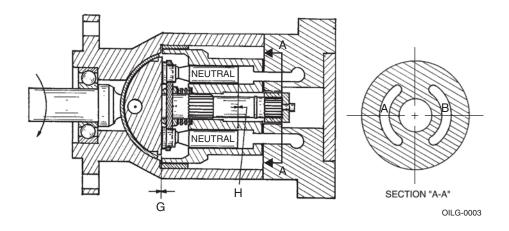


Figure 5. Position N, Pump in Neutral, No Stroke, No Delivery

Refer to **SPECIFICATIONS**

SPECIFICATIONS



Refer to reference material, pump control material and individual application circuit for exceptions.

Unit	MAXI	ETICAL MUM CEMENT	RATED CONTINUOUS PRESSURE		MAXIMUM 180 continuand 14,		1800 rp continuou and 14,7 ps	RATE at m rated s pressure ia (bar abs) endition	MAXIMUM SPEED	INPUT contir press	VER at rated nuous sure & rpm
	in ³ /rev	ml/rev	psi	bar	psi	bar	gpm	l/mi	rpm	hp	kw
PVG 048	2.93	48,0	5000	344,8	5800	400,0	21.1	79,9	2700	73	54,5
PVG 065	3.98	65,0	5000	344,8	5800	400,0	28.8	108,9	2700	100	74,6
PVG 065	4.60	75,4	3750	258,6	4250	293,1	33.3	126,0	2700	89	66,4

Case pressure should be less than 25 psi (1,7 bar). For higher pressure, consult factory.

Higher speeds available - consult factory.

Table 1. Nominal Performance Data with 150-300 SSU Viscosity Fluids

Unit	Ler	ngth	Width		Height		Weight		Face Mounting	
Offic	inches	mm	inches	mm	inches	mm	lbs.	kg	i ace intuiting	
PVG 048, 065, 075	12.0	304,8	6.9	175,3	6.3	160,0	66*	30	SAE "B" 2 bolt	

All dimensions (without controls) are approximate. For detailed dimensions, contact your Oilgear Representative.

Table 2. Nominal Dimensions and Weights Without Controls

Refer to installation drawings for more detailed dimensions and port configurations.

^{*} Weight with P Control and rear port valve plate

Unresponsive or Cor Sluggish Control Sw Del Ob: Inst	causes w control input (pilot) pressure for "R" and "V" volume type introls only. vashblock saddle bearings (204) worn or damaged. elivery limited by faulty control estructed suction circuit or insufficient supercharge volume. sufficient drive motor speed. orn or grooved cylinder barrel (101) and/or valve plate (401)	REMEDY Refer to referenced control instruction material. Inspect bearings. Replace. Refer to appropriate control instruction material. Inspect for obstruction and verify supercharge.		
Unresponsive or Cor Sluggish Control Sw Del Ob: Inst	ntrols only. vashblock saddle bearings (204) worn or damaged. elivery limited by faulty control estructed suction circuit or insufficient supercharge volume. sufficient drive motor speed.	Inspect bearings. Replace. Refer to appropriate control instruction material. Inspect for obstruction and verify supercharge.		
Del Obs	elivery limited by faulty control estructed suction circuit or insufficient supercharge volume. sufficient drive motor speed.	Refer to appropriate control instruction material. Inspect for obstruction and verify supercharge.		
Ob: Insi	ostructed suction circuit or insufficient supercharge volume. sufficient drive motor speed.	Inspect for obstruction and verify supercharge.		
Ins	sufficient drive motor speed.			
	•			
Insufficient Pump	orn or grooved cylinder barrel (101) and/or valve plate (401)	Refer to appropriate power material.		
	ating surfaces.			
	orn piston/shoe assemblies (102) or piston bores in cylinder 01).	Inspect components. Replace.		
Wo	orn or damaged piston shoe or swashblock (201).			
Fau	ulty control.	Inspect components. Replace. Refer to referenced pump control instruction materials.		
Flu	uid level in reservoir is low or supercharge is insufficient.	Verify fluid level and/or supercharge.		
Irregular or Unsteady Operation	r entering hydraulic system.	Inspect system for leak.		
Wo	orn axial piston pump.	Inspect components. Replace.		
	ulty output circuit components (cylinder, motors, valves or ner related components).	Inspect components. Replace.		
Wo	orn piston pump.			
	orn or grooved cylinder barrel (101) and/or valve plate (401) ating surfaces.	Inspect components. Replace.		
Wo	orn piston/shoe assemblies (102) or piston bores in cylinder.			
Fau	ulty output circuit components.			
Excessive or High Peak Pressure	ulty output circuit components.	Check the relief valves.		
Pur	Imp stopped or started incorrectly under load.	Verify operation procedure of pump.		
	w fluid level in reservoir or insufficient supercharge causing vitation.	Verify fluid level and/or supercharge.		
Air	r entering hydraulic system.	Inspect system for leak.		
Excessive Noise Flu	uid too cold or viscosity too high.	Verify fluid temperature and/or type.		
	action line problem, i.e., obstructions in line, line too long, line ameter too small or too many bends and/or loops in line.	Inspect line for obstruction.		
Bro	oken or worn piston/shoe assembly (102).	Inspect components. Replace.		
Pur	Imp rotating in wrong direction.	Inspect operation direction of pump.		
Op	perating pump above rated or peak pressure.	Verify pump limitations.		
Lov	w fluid level in reservoir or insufficient supercharge.	Verify fluid level and/or supercharge.		
Air	r entering hydraulic system.	Inspect system for leak.		
Wo	orn piston pump.			
	orn or grooved cylinder barrel (101) and/or valve plate (401) ating surfaces.	Inspect components. Replace.		
	ulty output circuit components (continuous blowing relief valves "slip" through valves, cylinder or other components).			
Ins	sufficient cooling provision or clogged coolers.	Inspect for obstruction.		

TESTING AND ADJUSTING

WARNING

Shut the pump OFF and release pressure from the system before disassembling components. Failure to comply with these instructions could result in personal injury or death. Blocking the pressure line between the pump and the system (or pump) high pressure relief valve will result in damage and could result in serious personal injury.

PISTON PUMP

To check for a worn piston pump, make a leak measurement test from the case drain while the pump is under pressure. After the unit is warm, either install a flow meter in the drain line or have the flow from the drain line directed into a large container or reservoir. The pump case must remain full of fluid during this test.

CAUTION

DO NOT run a pump on stroke against a blocked output unless it is protected by a high pressure relief valve and then run no longer than necessary to check slip. Limit discharge to prevent dropping reservoir fluid below low level.

With an accurate high pressure gauge in the pressure line, start the pump and stall (or block) output device to raise system pressure to maximum (as set by system relief valve). Read the measurement on the flow meter or time and measure the case drain flow to fill a known size container and calculate the flow rate.



Additional leakage indicates wear, but does not become critical until it impairs performance.

DISASSEMBLY



The cleanliness of working on this pump or the hydraulic system is extremely important to the safety and reliability of the pump and the system.

When disassembling or assembling the pump, choose a clean, dry and dust- and sand-free area where no traces of abrasive particles are in the air which can damage the pump and system. DO NOT work near welding, sandblasting, grinding benches or similar conditions.

Always make sure the fittings are clean on the outside before removing them from their connections. Make sure they are capped and plugged when removed. Place them on a clean surface and in a clean rag or container until they are reinstalled. When cleaning parts which have been disassembled, it is important to use CLEAN cleaning solvents and parts are allowed to dry. All tools and gauges should be clean prior to working with the system and use new, CLEAN lint-free rags to handle and dry parts.

A WARNING

DO NOT attempt to remove or install any components or assembly while the pump and system is running. Always stop the pump, shut OFF the power and release pressure from the system before servicing or testing. Be sure provisions have been made so the case drain line can be disconnected from the unit without causing the line to drain (siphon) the reservoir.

- 1. Disconnect case drain line from port 1 or 1A.
- Drain pump case through the remaining (port 1 or 1A) on the bottom of case. If plugs are inaccessible, it may be necessary to remove the pump from the mounting and drive motor before draining it.
- After removing the pump from the mounting and before disassembly, cap or plug all ports and clean the outside of unit thoroughly to prevent dust from entering the system. See Figures 8 and 9.



Depending on what part or parts are to be inspected, it may not be necessary to completely take apart all assemblies.

CONTROL GROUP

Refer to the reference material for the information which applies to the control your pump is equipped with. Some force is required to remove the control housing.

- 1. Remove socket head cap screws.
- 2. Lift the control group assembly, with control pin, straight up from the top of the pump assembly. The control pin may or may not remain in the swashblock (201).
- 3. Remove control O-rings from the pump housing.

VALVE PLATE GROUP

If another pump is coupled to thru-shaft pumps, it will be necessary to remove coupling half before removing valve plate.

- 1. Block the pump on a bench with the drive shaft facing down.
- 2. Remove the valve plate **(401)** by removing four cap screws **(403)** and lifting it straight up.
- 3. Remove valve plate O-ring (404) and (411).

ROTATING GROUP

WARNING

The rotating group is heavy. Be careful not to damage cylinder wear surface which mates against the valve plate, bearing diameters or piston shoes. Use proper lifting techniques and assistance from others to prevent personal injury.

On thru-shaft pumps, the tailshaft bushing assembly (307, 308, 309) or a coupling will have to be removed (a "jacking" screw can be used) before the rotating group can be disassembled.

- 1. Place the pump in a horizontal position.
- 2. Remove the rotating group by turning shaft (301) slowly, while pulling the cylinder barrel (101) from the housing.
- Identify (number) each pump piston shoe assembly (102) and its respective bore in the cylinder barrel (101) and shoe retainer (104) for easy reassembly.
- 4. See Figure 6. Lift out shoe retainer (104) with pistons (102) and remove the fulcrum ball (103) and shoe retainer spring (105).

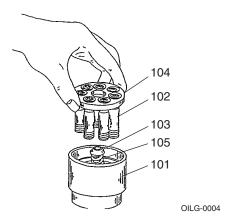


Figure 6. Rotating Group Disassembly (5V-12015-L)

5. Remove retaining ring (208) and plug (205) and pull the hydrodynamic bearing (202) from the housing.

DRIVE SHAFT GROUP

- 1. Remove the drive key (303), if used, and the drive shaft bearing retainer ring (305).
- 2. Grasp outboard end of drive shaft (301) and pull it out of the pump housing.
- 3. Remove the shaft seal retainer (302) and shaft seal (007) from the housing only if necessary.

SWASHBLOCK GROUP

Reach inside the case through control mounting opening and remove the swashblock (201) and saddle bearings (204).

INSPECTION

Clean all parts thoroughly and allow them to dry. Inspect all seals and O-rings for hardening, cracking or deterioration. Replace if necessary or if you suspect damage. Check all locating pins for damage and springs for cracking or signs of wear.



Wear proper protective gear when using solvents or compressed air, servicing or maintaining the hydraulic system or the Oilgear pump. Wear correct protective gear, safety glasses, gloves and safety shoes. Serious injury can result without proper protective gear.

CONTROL GROUP

Refer to the reference material on pump controls. Be sure to carefully check the control pin for cracks and/or signs of fatigue. Check fit of the pin in the swashblock. It should be a slip-fit without side-play. Replace if necessary or if you suspect damage.

VALVE PLATE GROUP

Inspect the valve plate (401) surface which mates with the cylinder barrel (101) for excessive wear. Remove minor defects by lightly stoning the surface with a hard stone which is flat to within 0.001 inches (0,03 mm).



Be sure to stone lightly. Any excessive stoning will remove the hardened surface. If wear or damage is extensive, replace the valve plate.

ROTATING GROUP

Inspect cylinder barrel (101) piston bores and the face which mate with the valve plate for wear. Remove minor defects on the face by lightly stoning or lapping the surface.

Inspect the cylinder bearing (202) for damage and replace if necessary. Check all piston and shoe assemblies (102) to be sure they ride properly on the swashblock.

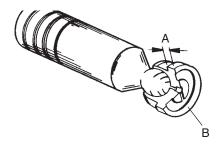


Be sure to stone lightly. Any excessive stoning will remove the hardened surface. If wear or damage is extensive and defects cannot be removed, replace the cylinder barrel.

See **Figure 7**. Check each shoe face for nicks and scratches, and the shoe for smooth pivot action on the piston.



If one or more piston/shoe assembly needs to be replaced, replace all the piston/shoe assemblies. When installing new piston/shoe assemblies or the rotating group, make sure the pistons move freely in their respective bores.



OII G-000

Figure 7. Piston and Shoe Inspection (5V-12015-L)

- (A) All shoes must be equal within 0.001 inches (0,025 mm) at this dimension.
- (B) All shoe faces must be free of nicks.



End play should not exceed 0.003 inches (0,076 mm) when new or 0.006 inches (0,152 mm) when worn.

SWASHBLOCK GROUP

Inspect the swashblock (201) for wear. If defects are minor, stone the swashblock lightly. If damage is extensive, replace the swashblock.

Check the small hole in the face of the swashblock. The hole provides "porting" for the hydrostatic balance fluid of the piston/shoe assembly to be channeled through the swashblock to the face of the saddle bearing, providing pressure lubrication.

Compare the saddle bearing (204) thickness in a worn area to thickness in an unworn area. Replace saddle bearings if the difference is greater than 0.015 inches (0,4 mm).

Check the mating surface of swashblock for cracks or excessive wear. The swashblock movement in the saddle bearings must be smooth. Replace if necessary.



Be sure to stone lightly. Any excessive stoning will remove the hardened surface. If wear or damage is extensive and defects cannot be removed, replace if necessary or if you suspect them of being bad.

DRIVE SHAFT GROUP

Check:

- the shaft seal **(007)** for deterioration or cracks. Replace if necessary (press-out).
- the shaft bearing (306) for galling, pitting, binding or roughness.
- the rear shaft bushing in valve plate.
- the shaft and its splines for wear. Replace any parts necessary.

ASSEMBLY

See **Figures 8** and **9**. Follow the disassembly procedures in reverse for reassembling the pump.

During assembly, install new seals and O-rings. Apply a thin film of CLEAN grease or hydraulic fluid to sealing components to ease assembly. If a new rotating group is used, lubricate thoroughly with CLEAN hydraulic fluid. Apply fluid generously to all wear surfaces.

SWASHBLOCK GROUP

If removed.

- 1. Press shaft seal (007) into front of pump housing.
- 2. Place housing on a bench with the mounting flange side down.
- Grease the back side of each saddle bearing (204) and place on the pin to locate the bearings in the pump case. Make sure the pins do not protrude.
- 4. The swashblock is inserted from the valve plate end. Insert swashblock (201) into the pump housing. Once in place, be sure the swashblock swivels in the saddle bearings. With new bearings, swiveling may be stiff and not always smooth.

- 5. Bearing **(202)** should fit into place with a little difficulty and be square to the axis of the pump.
- 6. Tap bearing into place if necessary using extreme care not to damage the bearing.
- Insert retaining ring (208) to hold bearing in place. Assemble plug (205) with O-ring (209) into case.

DRIVE SHAFT GROUP

- 1. Place the housing on its side with the axis horizontal.
- 2. Install the seal retainer (302).
- 3. Lubricate the shaft seal (007) and shaft.
- Insert the drive shaft (301) and bearing assembly into the housing.
- 5. Lock in place with the drive shaft bearing retainer ring (305).

ROTATING GROUP

See Figure 6.

- 1. Place the cylinder barrel (101), wear surface down, on a clean cloth.
- Place the shoe retainer spring (105) in the center of the barrel with the fulcrum ball (103) on top of it.
- Insert the identified pistons (102) into their corresponding identified holes of the shoe retainer (104). As a unit, fit the pistons into their corresponding, identified bores in the cylinder barrel. DO NOT FORCE. When parts are aligned properly, the pistons will fit smoothly.

WARNING

The rotating group weight is heavy. Be careful not to damage cylinder wear surface which mates against the valve plate, bearing diameters or piston shoes. Use proper lifting techniques and assistance from others to prevent personal injury.

The rotating group can now be carefully installed over the end of the drive shaft (301) and into the pump housing (001).



When installing the rotating group, support the weight of the cylinder barrel (101), as cylinder spline is passed over the tailshaft, to avoid scratching or damage.

4. Push cylinder forward until the cylinder spline reaches the drive shaft spline and rotate slightly to engage shaft splines. Continue to slide cylinder forward until it encounters the cylinder bearing (202). Lifting the rear of the shaft slightly helps the cylinder (101) and the cylinder bearing (202) engagement. Continue pushing the cylinder forward until the piston shoes contact the swashblock; the back of the cylinder should be located approximately 0.4 inches (10,2 mm) outside the back of the pump housing.



On thru-shaft pumps without another pump or device connected to them, slide assembly onto the shaft (301) and secure cap assembly (307, 309) in with socket head shoulder screw (308).

VALVE PLATE GROUP

- 1. Place the pump housing on a bench with the open end facing up.
- 2. Install new O-rings (404) and (411) on the housing.
- 3. Position the valve plate (401) on pins (005) and housing. Make sure the end of shaft engages the bushing.
- Hand-tighten cap screw (403) closest to O-ring (404) first, then alternately tighten the other cap screws. On thru-shaft units connected to another pump or device, install coupling (501).

Refer to **PREPARATION** and **INSTALLATION** when pump is ready to be returned to service.

		Head	
PVG Pump	Fastener or Plug	Type/Size	Tightening Torque
	004	5/8 int.	135 ft•lb (183 N•m)
	205	1/8 int.	45 in•lb (5 N•m)
	308	3/16 int.	87 in•lb (10 N•m)
	403	3/8 int.	100 ft•lb (136 N•m)
	408	1/8 int.	45 in•lb (5 N•m)
048/065/075	409	1/8 int.	45 in•lb (5 N•m)
046/003/073	410	3/16 int.	120 in•lb (14 N•m)
	503	Dep	ends on adapter
	3/8 SHC	5/16 int.	45 ft•lb (61 N•m)
	3/8 HHC	9/16 int.	15 ft•lb (20 N•m)
	1/2 HHC	3/4 ext.	37 ft•lb (50 N•m)
	507	5/16 int.	45 ft•lb (61 N•m)

Table 3. PVG Pump Torques

O-ring Sizes ARP 568 Uniform Size Number with Durometer

Item Number	PVG Pump 048/065/075
010	916 - 70
209	902 - 90
404	012 - 90
405	902 - 90
406	903 - 90
407	904 - 90
411	251 - 70
505 & 506 D	epends on Adapter
505 Cover Plate	138-70
505 SAE A	153-70
505 SAE A-A	034-70
505 SAE B or B-B	158-70
506 SAE A	042-70
506 SAE B or B-B	155-70

Table 4. O-ring Sizes

PARTS LIST

Parts used in these assemblies are per Oilgear specifications. Use only Oilgear parts to ensure compatibility with assembly requirements. When ordering replacement parts, be sure to include pump type and serial number, bulletin number and item number. Specify type of hydraulic fluid to assure seal and packing compatibility.



Parts drawings may not be identical to Oilgear drawings referenced.

Item	Qty.	Description					
		HOUSING ASSEMBLY GROUP					
001	1	Housing, Pump					
003	1	Nameplate, Identification					
004	1	Plug					
005	4	Pin, Roll					
007	1	Seal, Shaft					
800	2	Screw					
009	2	Pin, Swashblock Bearing					
010	1	Seal, O-ring					
		ROTARY ASSEMBLY GROUP					
101	1	Barrel, Cylinder					
102	9	Assembly, Piston/Shoe					
103	1	Ball, Fulcrum					
104	1	Retainer, Shoe					
105	1	Spring, Shoe Retainer					
		SWASHBLOCK ASSEMBLY GROUP					
201	1	Swashblock					
202	1	Bearing, Cylinder					
204	2	Bearing, Swashblock					
205	1	Plug, Bearing Retainer					
208	1	Ring, Retainer					
209	1	Seal, O-ring					

PARTS LIST drawings on pages 24 through 27.

Parts are common between pumps. Only the differences are shown.

Item	Qty.	Description						
		DRIVE SHAFT ASSEMBLY GROUP						
301	1	Drive Shaft						
302	1	Retainer, Seal Side						
303	1	Key, Drive Shaft (keyed shafts only)						
304	1	Ring, Retainer, External						
305	1	Ring, Retainer, Internal						
306	1	Bearing, Front						
307	1	Bushing (used on thru-shaft w/ cover plate)						
308	1	Screw (used on thru-shaft w/ cover plate)						
309	1	Roll Pin (used on thru-shaft w/ cover plate)						
		VALVE PLATE ASSEMBLY GROUP						
401	1	Valve Plate w/bearing						
403	4	Screw, Cap						
404	1	Seal, O-ring						
405	1	Seal, O-ring						
406	1	Seal, O-ring (not required for all versions)						
407	1	Seal, O-ring						
408	1	Plug, #2 HP						
409	1	Plug, #3 HP (not required for all versions)						
410	1	Plug, #4 HP						
411	1	Seal, O-ring						
		COUPLING / ADAPTER ASSEMBLY GROUP						
501	1	Coupling						
502	1	Adapter or Cover Plate						
503	2	Screw (for adapters)						
503	4	Screw (for cover plate)						
504	2	Washer						
505	1	Seal, O-ring						
506	1	Seal, O-ring						
507	4	Screw						
508	1	Gasket (SAE A-A)						

PARTS LIST drawings on pages 24 through 27.

Parts are common between pumps. Only the differences are shown.

Parts used in this assembly are per Oilgear specifications. Use only Oilgear parts to ensure the compatibility with the assembly requirements. When ordering replacement parts, be sure to include pump type and serial number, bulletin number and item number. To assure seal and packing compatibility, specify type of hydraulic fluid.

SERVICE KITS

PVG B Pump Service Kits

Reference: 517105-200 Ass'y Drwg

Document Number: 517105-SK

Revision: 0 (04-21-09)

Sheet 1 of 4

Description	Kit No.	Design Series	Items Included (quantity is 1 unless noted)
Housing Kits			
Viton Seals	L517105-621	F1(B)	
Nitrile Seals	L517105-622	F1(B)	001, 003, 004, 005(4), 007, 008(2), 009(2), 010
EPR Seals	L517105-623	F1(B)	
Shaft & Bearing Kits			
Viton or Nitrile seals			
1" Dia. Keyed (Code Y) Std	L517104-301	All	301A, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306
13T, 16/32 Spline (Code K) Std	L517104-305	All	301B, 302, 304, 305, 306
15T, 16/32 Spline (Code S) Std	L517104-302	All	301C, 302, 304, 305, 306
1" Dia. Keyed (Code Y) T-S	L517104-303	All	301D, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306
13T, 16/32 Spline (Code K) T-S	L517104-306	All	301E, 302, 304, 305, 306
15T, 16/32 Spline (Code S) T-S	L517104-304	All	301F, 302, 304, 305, 306
EPR Seals			
1" Dia. Keyed (Code Y) Std	L517104-313	All	301A, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306
13T, 16/32 Spline (Code K) Std	L517104-315	All	301B, 302, 304, 305, 306
15T, 16/32 Spline (Code S) Std	L517104-317	All	301C, 302, 304, 305, 306
1" Dia. Keyed (Code Y) T-S	L517104-312	All	301D, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306
13T, 16/32 Spline (Code K) T-S	L517104-314	All	301E, 302, 304, 305, 306
15T, 16/32 Spline (Code S) T-S	L517104-316	All	301F, 302, 304, 305, 306
Std = Rear ported or Side ported w/o t			
Sta = 116ai portos di Giao portos wio s	The origin, 1 0 = ordo p	ortou w unu	
Swashblock			
All	516597-250	F1(A)	201
Saddle Bearing			
Standard	L517105-220	All	204A, 204B
High Temp	L517105-221	All	2047, 2045
Harden damania Daniin a Kit			
Hydrodynamic Bearing Kit	1517105 011	E1(A)	
Viton Seals	L517105-211	F1(A)	
Nitrile Seals	L517105-212	F1(A)	202, 205, 208, 209
EPR Seals	L517105-213	F1(A)	
Rotating Group			
PVG-048/065	L517104-103	B2(A)	
PVG-075	L517105-103	B2(A)	1 01, 102(9), 103, 104, 105
F VG-075	L317103-103	DZ(A)	
Piston & Shoe Sub-Assembly			
PVG-048/065	K407905-R65	B2(A)	100(0)
PVG-075	K407905-A75	B2(A)	<u> </u> 102(9)
Shoe Retainer & Fulcrum Ball			
PVG-048/065 PVG-075	L319221-365 L319221-375	All All	103, 104

PVG -048/-065/-075 B-Frame Pump

PVG B Pump Service Kits

Reference: 517105-200 Ass'y Drwg

Document Number: 517105-SK

Revision: 0 (04-21-09)

Sheet 2 of 4

Description	Kit No.	Design Series	Items Included (quantity is 1 unless noted)		
Valve Plate Kits					
PVG-048/065 Rear Port LH					
Viton Seals	L517104-401	All	1014 100(1) 101 105 100 107 100 100 110		
Nitrile Seals	L517104-411	All	401A, 403(4), 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411		
EPR Seals	L517104-408	All			
PVG-048/065 Rear Port RH					
Viton Seals	L517104-402	All	1048 400(4) 404 405 400 407 400 400 440		
Nitrile Seals	L517104-412	All	401B, 403(4), 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411		
EPR Seals	L517104-413	All			
PVG-048/065 Side Port LH					
Viton Seals	L517104-405	All	1010 100(1) 101 105 100 107 100 100 110		
Nitrile Seals	L517104-414	All	401C, 403(4), 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411		
EPR Seals	L517104-415	All			
PVG-048/065 Side Port RH					
Viton Seals	L517104-406	All	1,048,400/40,405,400,405,000,000		
Nitrile Seals	L517104-416	All	401D, 403(4), 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411		
EPR Seals	L517104-417	All			
PVG-048/065 Side Port, Thru-Shaft LH					
Viton Seals	L517104-403	All			
Nitrile Seals	L517104-418	All	401E, 403(4), 404, 405(2), 407(2), 408(2), 410(2), 411		
EPR Seals	L517104-410	All			
PVG-048/065 Side Port, Thru-Shaft RH					
Viton Seals	L517104-404	All			
Nitrile Seals	L517104-419	All	401F, 403(4), 404, 405(2), 406, 407, 408(2), 409, 410, 411		
EPR Seals	L517104-420	All			
PVG-075 Rear Port LH					
Viton Seals	L517105-401	All	-		
Nitrile Seals	L517105-417	All	401A, 403(4), 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411		
EPR Seals	L517105-410	All			
PVG-075 Rear Port RH					
Viton Seals	L517105-402	All	-		
Nitrile Seals	L517105-418	All	401B, 403(4), 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411		
EPR Seals	L517105-411	All			
PVG-075 Side Port LH					
Viton Seals	L517105-405	All	1010 100(1) 101 105 100 107 100 100 110		
Nitrile Seals	L517105-419	All	401C, 403(4), 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411		
EPR Seals	L517105-414	All			
PVG-075 Side Port RH					
Viton Seals	L517105-406	All	1045 400(4) 404 405 400 407 100 100 110		
Nitrile Seals	L517105-420	All	401D, 403(4), 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411		
EPR Seals	L517105-415	All	1		
PVG-075 Side Port, Thru-Shaft LH					
Viton Seals	L517105-403	All	1015 (00(4) (04 (05(0) (07(0) (00(0) (100(0) (110(0)		
Nitrile Seals	L517105-409	All	401E, 403(4), 404, 405(2), 407(2), 408(2), 410(2), 411		
EPR Seals	L517105-412	All	1		
PVG-075 Side Port, Thru-Shaft RH					
Viton Seals	L517105-404	All	-		
Nitrile Seals	L517105-416	All	401F, 403(4), 404, 405(2), 406, 407, 408(2), 409, 410, 411		
EPR Seals	L517105-413	All	\dashv		

PVG -048/-065/-075 B-Frame Pump

PVG B Pump Service Kits

Reference: 517105-200 Ass'y Drwg

Document Number: 517105-SK

Revision: 0 (04-21-09)

Sheet 3 of 4

		Design	
Description	Kit No.	Series	Items Included (quantity is 1 unless noted)
Basic Seal Kit			
Viton Seals	K517105-B11	All	007 040 000 404 405(0) 400 407(0) 444
Nitrile Seals	K517105-B12	All	- 007, 010, 209, 404, 405(2), 406, 407(2), 411 - Control 313, 330
EPR Seals	K517105-B13	All	- Control 313, 330
Seal Kits for Options			
Standard Cover Plate			
Viton Seals	238270-138	All	
Nitrile Seals	233370-138	All	505
EPR Seals	242080-138	All	
SAE B Adapter			
Viton Seals	L250667-017	All	
Nitrile Seals	L250667-016	All	505, 506
EPR Seals	L250667-018	All	
SAE A Adapter			
Viton Seals	L250667-014	All	505 500
Nitrile Seals	L250667-013	All	505, 506
EPR Seals	L250667-015	All	
SAE A-A Adapter			
Viton Seals	L250667-019	All	FOE FOO
Nitrile Seals	L250667-020	All	- 505, 508
EPR Seals	L250667-021	All	
Shaft Seal			
Viton Seals	51155-5	All	
Nitrile Seals	51155-7	All	007
EPR Seals	L51155-3RP	All	

PVG B Pump Service Kits

Reference: 517105-200 Ass'y Drwg

Document Number: 517105-SK

Revision: 0 (04-21-09)

Sheet 4 of 4

Description	Kit No.	Design Series	Items Included (quantity is 1 unless noted)
Cover Plate Kit			
Viton Seals	L319076-101	All	
Nitrile Seals	L319076-105	All	307, 308, 309, 502, 503(4), 505
EPR Seals	L319076-115	All	
Rear Shaft Cover Kit			
All	L319263	All	307, 308, 309
SAE B Adapter/Coupling Kit			
Viton Seals	L319076-100	All	
Nitrile Seals	L319076-107	All	501, 502, 503(2), 504(2), 505, 506
EPR Seals	L319076-108	All	
SAE A Adapter/Coupling Kit 9 tooth			
Viton Seals	L319076-103	All	
Nitrile Seals	L319076-109	All	501, 502, 503(2), 504(2), 505, 506, 507(4)
EPR Seals	L319076-110	All	
SAE A Adapter/Coupling Kit 11 tooth			
Viton Seals	L319076-106	All	
Nitrile Seals	L319076-111	All	501, 502, 503(2), 504(2), 505, 506, 507(4)
EPR Seals	L319076-112	All	
SAE A-A Adapter/Coupling Kit			
Viton Seals	L319076-104	All	
Nitrile Seals	L319076-113	All	501, 502, 503(2), 504(2), 505, 507(4), 508
EPR Seals	L319076-114	All	.,, ,,, ,,,
Name Tag & Screws			
All	L50921	All	003, 008(2)

Footnotes for Design Series

- (A) Swashblock and Rotating group/piston and shoe assembly must have matching design series
 - A1 and B1 parts can be intermixed between series
 - B2 Swashblock must be used with B2 design series parts
 - F1 Swashblock must be used with F1 design series parts
 - B2 and F1 Rotating group/piston and shoe assembly interchangeable with B2 and F1 design series
- (B) F1 Pump case and Hydro bearing are not interchangeable with previous design series
 - F1 Pump requires F1 Control
 - Pump cases are interchangeable prior to F1
 - A1 series has #12 SAE threaded case drain connection
 - B1 and B2 series have #16 SAE threaded case drain connection

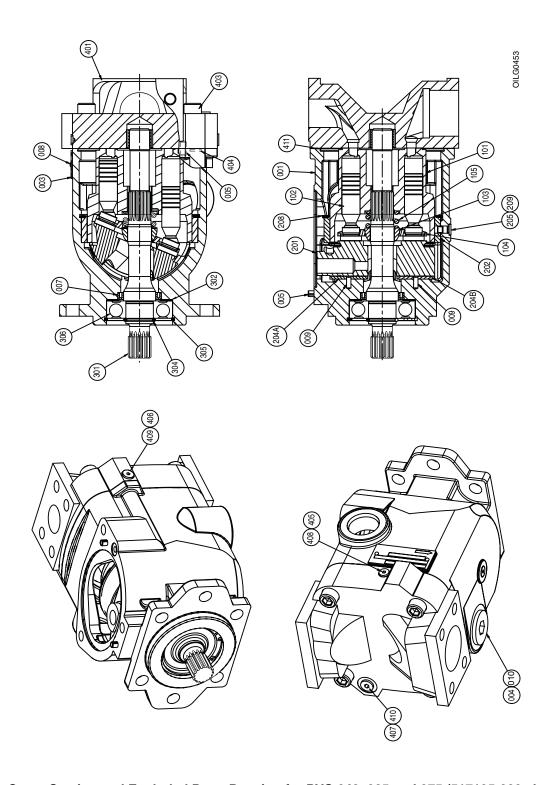


Figure 8. Cross Section and Exploded Parts Drawing for PVG 048, 065 and 075 (517105-200 sheet 1 of 7)

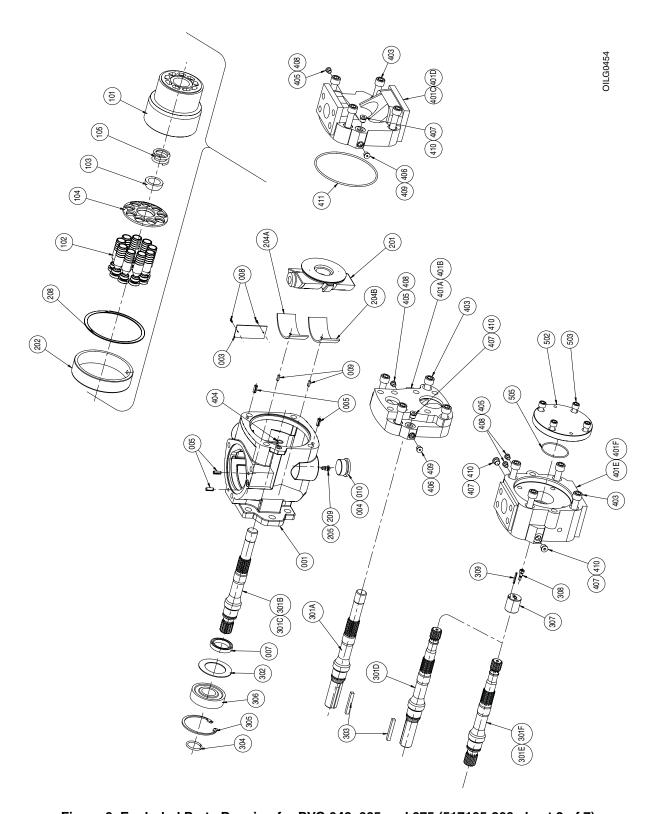


Figure 9. Exploded Parts Drawing for PVG 048, 065 and 075 (517105-200 sheet 2 of 7)

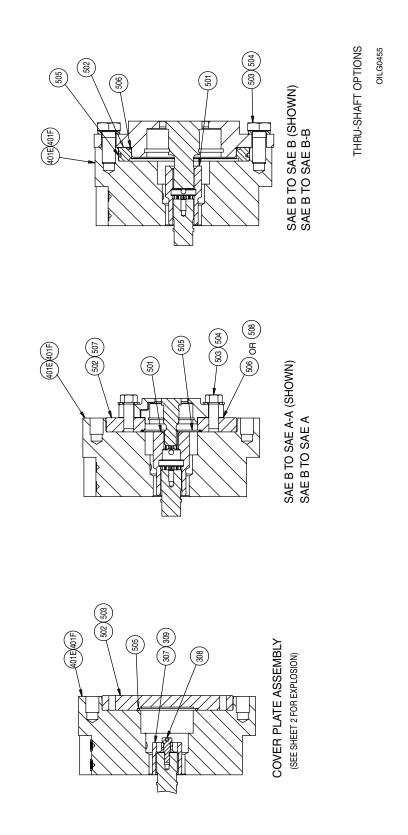


Figure 10. Cross Section Drawing for PVG 048, 065 and 075 (517105-200 sheet 6 of 7)

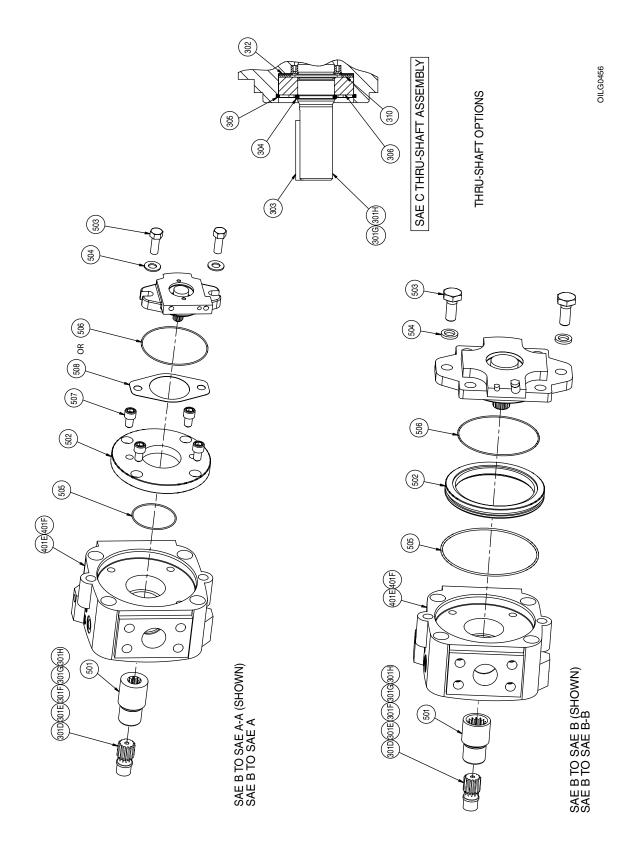


Figure 11. Cross Section and Exploded Parts Drawing for PVG 048, 065 and 075 (517105-200 sheets 6 and 7 of 7)

AFTER SALES SERVICES

At Oilgear we build products to last. It is the nature of this type of machinery to require proper maintenance regardless of the care we put into manufacturing. Oilgear has several service programs in place to help you.

STAY-ON-STREAM SERVICE

By signing up for Oilgear's Stay-On-Stream program, you can prepare for problems before they happen. Certain field tests such as fluid testing, slip testing and electronic profile recording comparisons can be performed by our field service people or your own factory trained personnel. These tests can indicate problems before they become "down-time" difficulties.

SERVICE SCHOOLS

Oilgear conducts training to train your maintenance personnel. "General" hydraulic or electronic training is conducted at our Milwaukee, Wisconsin plant on a regular basis. "Custom" training, specifically addressing your particular hydraulic and electro-hydraulic equipment can be conducted at your facilities.

SPARE PARTS AVAILABILITY

Prepare for your future needs by stocking Oilgear original factory parts. Having the correct parts and necessary skills "in-plant" enables you to minimize "down-time." Oilgear has developed parts kits to cover likely future needs. Oilgear Field Service Technicians are also ready to assist you and your maintenance people in troubleshooting and repairing equipment.



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Zeus Hydratech Ltd

Unit 35 Old Mills Industrial Estate Paulton Bristol, BS39 7SU United Kingdom

T. +44 (0) 1172 130042 E: info@zeushydratech.com W. www.zeushydratech.com